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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
2	EASTERN DISTRICT	UF NEW YURK
3	SUENG-YONG OK, : 1	8-CV-392 (BMC)
4	Plaintiff,	
5		nited States Courthouse crooklyn, New York
6	NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF : EDUCATION, ET AL., :	NOOKTYN, NEW TOTK
7	: F	riday, April 6, 2018 1:30 a.m.
8	X	1.00 a.m.
9		
10	TRANSCRIPT OF CI	VII CAUSE
11	FOR CONFER BEFORE THE HONORABLE B	ENCE
12	UNITED STATES DIS	
13		
14	APPEARA	N C E S:
15	For the Plaintiff: GLASS HOG 100 Churc	GROGIAN, LLP
16	8th Floor	
17		NO D. GLASS, ESQ.
18	For the Defendants: NEW YORK	CITY LAW DEPARTMENT
19	100 Churc	
20		SANDRA N. BRANCH, ESQ.
21		
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23	Brooklyn, New drroyofcr@gmai	York 11201
24	Proceedings recorded by Stenograph	
25	transcript produced by Computer-As	

### 2 Proceedings 1 (In open court.) 2 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Ok versus New York City Department of Ed., et al., Docket Number 18-CV-392. 3 4 Counsel, please state your appearances starting with the plaintiff. 5 MR. GLASS: My name is Bryan Glass, and I have to 6 7 my left Mr. Ok, the plaintiff. 8 THE COURT: Okay. Good morning. 9 THE PLAINTIFF: Good morning. MS. BRANCH: Your Honor, Cassandra Branch for 10 Defendants New York City Department of Education, Mr. Amaya, 11 12 and Mr. Chin. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Branch, you are not 14 understanding me. 15 I'm sorry, Your Honor? MS. BRANCH: Okay. 16 THE COURT: You have to think, Why does the judge 17 want a communication from me about the case or the Rule 16 18 conference? 19 MS. BRANCH: Yes. 20 THE COURT: Obviously, your first response to my 21 request for a submission, a list of denials and affirmative 22 defenses, that does not help me understand your view of the 23 case. 24 MS. BRANCH: I understand that, Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: So then you sent me the second Okay.

	Proceedings 3
1	letter.
2	MS. BRANCH: Yes.
3	THE COURT: The second letter really also does not
4	help me understand your view of the case. It suggests to me
5	that instead of talking to your client, Mr. Chin
6	MS. BRANCH: Yes.
7	THE COURT: and finding out what happened here
8	between him and the plaintiff and telling me his version of
9	the story, you did not even call Mr. Chin.
10	MS. BRANCH: Oh, no, I did. I'm sorry.
11	THE COURT: Okay. Well, what is his this is
12	what I want to know: What is his version of what went wrong
13	between them? I have the plaintiff's version. I do not
14	have his version. You just sent me a letter saying, I have
15	read the complaint, and I think I may have legal challenges
16	to the face of the complaint. That does not help me in
17	planning discovery or understanding the case. So help me
18	understand the case.
19	MS. BRANCH: Okay. I apologize again, Your Honor.
20	I definitely did call Mr. Chin. I spoke to him extensively
21	actually, in person, so
22	THE COURT: You acknowledge, I would not know that
23	from your letter, right?
24	MS. BRANCH: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Okay. So tell me, what is the store?

## Proceedings

MS. BRANCH: There are a lot of allegations and complaint, so I would first ask Your Honor if you would like me to go through them chronologically or just give me the steps --

THE COURT: No, I want you to go through them not at all. I want you to tell me what is Mr. Chin's story.

Why does he have difficulty with this plaintiff?

MS. BRANCH: Well, Your Honor, there are a lot of things, frankly, that are left unsaid in the complaint.

Let's start there.

THE COURT: Those are the things I want to hear from you.

MS. BRANCH: Okay. So there are a lot of things left unsaid in the complaint.

There were a number of email communications between the plaintiff and Mr. Chin that included other individuals in the school, mainly in the school white females that you are seeing referenced in the letter in the complaint. In these various emails, Mr. Chin would email about, for instance, a schoolwide change in policy or a schoolwide event to which Mr. Chin many occasions would respond not only addressing whatever the announcement was, but lodging personal complaints against Mr. Chin and his colleagues and other individuals who had little or nothing to do at all with the original content of the email.

Mr. Chin ignored these statements from the plaintiff and at the end of the, what is it, so the 2015/2016 school year still approved Mr. Ok effective or highly effective I believe rating for that school year.

When I spoke to Mr. Chin, he said that the reason that he did that is because while at that point, he had only been in the school for a year and this particular school, by the way, is one that has seen many principals, seven or eight, in the last ten years. So at the end of the first school year, Mr. Chin still gave Mr. Ok a positive rating because it wasn't an issue with having to do directly with the classroom or with his performance. So the second year came around and there were even more issues. Now, Mr. Chin actually only evaluated -- directly evaluated one of the lessons once himself, the rest of the evaluations were performed by the assistant principal who was in charge of the science department.

THE COURT: And were those negative performance evaluations?

MS. BRANCH: Not in whole. There are 22 components on an evaluation, so some of them were positive and then some components were negative. It boils down to a numeric computation at the end, right?

So the evaluations were mostly performed by Mr. Maya and Chin did one of them. At the end of the school

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year, Mr. Ok had a, I believe there was a developing rating, because again, it is calculated by the numbers. There is no discussion of exercise by the principal at that time.

THE COURT: Where is developing on the scale of A through D?

MS. BRANCH: So it starts as highly effective.

Next is effective. And then next would be developing. And then next would be ineffective.

THE COURT: Got it. Okay.

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MS. BRANCH: So during that school year there were several parent/teacher conferences. They were faculty There were a lot of complaints by colleagues of meetings. Mr. Ok's to the principal to SEI. SEI is the school-based investigation -- school special commission of investigation. And then there's also the DOE's office of special investigation, which really is a larger unit. OSI did an investigation following all the complaints about Mr. Ok, and it was a substantial investigation that lasted several months, actually. And by the way, Mr. Chin was the one who submitted those complaints by the other teachers and colleagues to OSI, because at that point, he had had enough of the insubordination and the rude comments. There were personal attacks on other teachers. They frequently requested for Mr. Ok to stop and please disclude [sic] us from all of your emails and your personal matters, and he

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## Proceedings

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blatantly refused and replied to the e-mail, I will not basically. It's your problem. If you don't want to look at it, delete the email. So OSI did find that Mr. Ok was in violation of many rules and had acted egregiously and inappropriately, and they recommended that his capability with respect to DOE emails, meaning replied all and being included on some lists, should be removed. And they actually recommended that he be terminated. So it wasn't until several months later that Mr. Chin actually decided to recommend the determination that had been recommended by the office of special investigation. So we're at the point now where there were charges, disciplinary charges filed against Mr. Ok under 3020-A, and those disciplinary charges, I believe, there were four or five specifications, including some of the emails exchanges. It referenced Mr. Ok's behavior during a specific parent/teacher conference. was the parent/teacher conference which I believe in the complaint he alleges that he was told -- that he discussed a bullying incident. So during that particular conference, the specification discussed how Mr. Ok was giving parents his personal cell phone numbers, telling them to call him personally and talk about what was really going on in the school, to phrase, and other things such as telling the parents that kids were being passed through along the grades

> David R. Roy, RPR, CSR, CCR Official Court Reporter

without any consideration for whether they should really be

### 8 Proceedings 1 going further in their education. 2 So Mr. Ok was removed from the school, and that is 3 not something unique to Mr. Ok's case. Anytime a teacher is 4 charged with --5 THE COURT: When you say "removed," that means like suspended pending the final determination of the 6 7 charges? 8 MS. BRANCH: Correct. Teachers are always 9 technically suspended from their teaching duty with pay, and 10 there is what is referred to as the -- it's an alternative 11 teaching center, right, so all of the teaches go there. There are multiple locations throughout some of the 12 boroughs. 13 14 THE COURT: Is that what they call the rubber room? 15 16 No, those are two different things. MS. BRANCH: 17 THE COURT: Okay. 18 MS. BRANCH: This is for teachers who are pending 19 charges. I believe the rubber room is something different. 20 THE COURT: Okav. 21 MS. BRANCH: But the charges are still pending, 22 and the DOE is preparing to go forward with the 3020-A 23 proceeding, so that is something that will be happened in 24 the near future. But in the meanwhile, yes, Mr. Ok is not currently teaching, and every other teacher who is charged 25

	Proceedings 9
1	with 3020-A goes through the same. So I believe that takes
2	us to the end.
3	THE COURT: Okay. That is good. This is what I
4	needed.
5	MS. BRANCH: I apologize again.
6	THE COURT: Tell me if you know, and there is no
7	reason that you would have to know this, who was the
8	principal person for OSI that did the investigation?
9	MS. BRANCH: There were two investigators. I
10	didn't bring the actual paper with me because I received it
11	really recently, but one of them is mentioned in the
12	complaint. Give me a moment. I do know that there were two
13	investigators, but one was principally heading it.
14	THE COURT: Okay.
15	MS. BRANCH: I believe it was I don't have his
16	name. I'm sorry.
17	THE COURT: Okay. Let me just revert to the
18	plaintiff for just one second. I have one question.
19	I take it that it is your contention that the
20	investigators were being pushed along to a result by Chin;
21	is that right?
22	MR. GLASS: Absolutely.
23	THE COURT: Okay. I just want to make sure that
24	was the case.
25	Do you know how much interaction there was between

#### 10 Proceedings 1 the investigators and Chin as opposed to investigators and 2 other people who had run-ins with the plaintiff? 3 MS. BRANCH: They're an independent office. 4 communicated with him only one or twice, and that was only 5 for the purpose of setting up an interview with Mr. Chin. They are not -- interviewees are told what each other has to 6 7 say about the case and they are told not to talk to each 8 about the case until OSI is completed. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any information on 10 how many people they talked to as part of their 11 investigation. From my recollection of reading the 12 MS. BRANCH: 13 report, there were at least five individuals. 14 THE COURT: Okay. And just on the off chance you have this, again, there is no reason you should, you do not 15 16 happen to have the file of emails with you, do you? 17 MS. BRANCH: No. 18 THE COURT: Okay. 19 MS. BRANCH: No. I have been receiving some of 20 them, but I definitely do not have a file. I have a good 21 number, but I'm sure there are more, because there are many 22 referenced in the complaint that I do not have. 23 THE COURT: Okav. I do not really need to hear 24 from the plaintiff because I understand your side of the 25 I take it what you are effectively saying is because case.

	Proceedings 11
1	he made this complaint about the passing rate, Chin was out
2	to get him because it was hurting his school and did all
3	these things to end his career, essentially, right?
4	MR. GLASS: Yeah, I would like to mention.
5	THE COURT: Go ahead.
6	MR. GLASS: Now, Principal Chin has actually been
7	removed himself. He's under investigation.
8	THE COURT: No, I say that. I am not sure that is
9	relevant.
10	MR. GLASS: Well
11	THE COURT: I mean, I am not even sure it is
12	admissible. Why was he removed; was he stealing money?
13	MR. GLASS: That might be part of it.
14	MS. BRANCH: No.
15	MR. GLASS: They haven't disclosure the reasons
16	yet. The DOE has not fully disclosed the reasons. But he's
17	sitting in the same reassignment center as Mr. Ok now three
18	days after removing Mr. Ok.
19	THE COURT: Maybe they can settle the case?
20	MR. GLASS: I'm sorry?
21	THE COURT: Maybe they can settle the case?
22	MR. GLASS: That would be nice. Well, he'd be
23	happy to settle it, but unfortunately, you know, Mr. Chin
24	has put motions in an attempt to get Mr. Ok fired, and
25	that's what we're facing now, unfortunately.

	Proceedings 12
1	THE COURT: Okay. But why would I not wait on
2	this case until after the hearing on the charges? Maybe he
3	will be exonerated, which will change his claim; maybe he
4	will not be exonerated, and he will be terminated, which
5	would be a hurdle for you to overcome, wouldn't it?
6	MR. GLASS: It would make it more difficult, no
7	question, but
8	THE COURT: I take it ultimately these charges are
9	heard by a neutral; are they heard by the Oath Department?
10	MS. BRANCH: No. No, they're heard by an
11	arbitrator under the union and the DOE's collective
12	bargaining agreement.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	MR. GLASS: What it is is there's a panel that's
15	appointed jointly by the parties, and he doesn't have the
16	selection of the arbitrator.
17	THE COURT: Right.
18	MR. GLASS: He's given the arbitrator.
19	THE COURT: Well, yeah. But I assume that the DOE
20	also does not pick the arbitrator
21	MS. BRANCH: No.
22	THE COURT: right?
23	MR. GLASS: Well, it's a panel of about 12
24	arbitrators, and they have a rotating system of assignments
25	and so

THE COURT: But is there any distinction -- tell me if you know this case. Do you know the case of *Collins* against New York City Transit Authority?

MS. BRANCH: I don't believe so.

THE COURT: It is a Second Circuit case, and basically what it says is is if there is a hearing pursuant to a CVA by a neutral, and it comes out against the plaintiff, that it is a very difficult hurdle for the plaintiff to overcome, because it is a neutral, and if the neutral finds that there was cause for the termination -- it is not like collateral estoppel or anything -- but it makes it very difficult for the plaintiff to get to the third stage of the *McDonnell Douglas* test.

MR. GLASS: I also believe there's a Second Circuit case called *Leon* that came out in the last few years that suggested even if a teacher was terminated, if they could prove that there was a retaliatory motive behind the charges, the case could proceed. Now, of course, there's a hurdle --

THE COURT: Yes, I do not doubt that. I am sure that is right.

MR. GLASS: Yeah, I mean, of course, there is a hurdle, obviously. If he's terminated, it's a harder burden for us, no question. But I think that should necessarily preclude us from proceeding with discovery. I mean, I do

feel like this -- what seems like what's unusual about this case is the charges seem to be basically because of his speech, I mean, and there may be some questions of what --

THE COURT: Okay. But you acknowledge that there is some amount of speech, even assuming arguendo, that it is a matter of public importance, not within his job; but there could be too much speech, right? You can make it impossible to do your job by constantly -- and I am not saying he did this -- but by constantly harassing people with emails? If that is what the proof shows, then that might form a ground for disciplinary action, even if the original substance of the first email was First Amendment activity, right? That could happen.

MR. GLASS: Well, it could be a balancing. Yes, I believe that there could be a point that it's harassing.

But I think the principal was basically sort of harassing -- you know, he's being characterized as being harassed. I think if you read our allegation, these aren't even legitimate complaints, and Mr. Chin is trying to, you know, stop the spring from leaking about the fraud allegation.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GLASS: And so if they're turning this into, yes, because -- and they're turning these people against him, recruited -- you know, there are -- if you want to know the true story of what we believe happened, I mean, we feel

	Proceedings 15
1	like we recruited people that fear his own wrath of
2	retaliation by saying Mr. Ok was doing all these terrible
3	things and harassing them, when that wasn't the case, and we
4	have witnesses and we'll evidence to show that, in fact,
5	this was all Chin creating a screen to try to protect
6	himself from legitimate allegations of fraud and misconduct.
7	THE COURT: Who are your witnesses and what are
8	they going to say?
9	MR. GLASS: We have several witnesses, including
10	the people they listed in one of the charges, the 3020-A
11	charges? They're willing to say that this they had no
12	problem with Mr. Ok. This is Mr. Chin's pressuring them.
13	THE COURT: Well, they will not be able to say the
14	later, right? They can describe that they had no problem
15	with Mr. Ok. They can describe what Mr. Chin said to them
16	about Mr. Ok
17	MR. GLASS: Correct.
18	THE COURT: but they cannot draw the conclusion
19	that I think Mr. Chin was unreasonably pressuring Mr. Ok,
20	they cannot say that.
21	MR. GLASS: I mean, he has 30 teachers here on a
22	witness list saying that, you know, they felt that
23	Mr. Chin they witnessed Mr. Chin masterminding campaigns
24	to discredit him. He has a petition here of 30 people.

THE COURT: Okay. Yes, but that is not admissible

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	Proceedings 16
1	in court.
2	MR. GLASS: Understood. But, look
3	THE COURT: Are you going to take.
4	MR. GLASS: I don't know how much I'm sorry?
5	THE COURT: Are you going to take 30 depositions?
6	MR. GLASS: I would prefer not to.
7	THE COURT: Have you told your client they cost
8	about a thousand dollars apiece?
9	MR. GLASS: Yeah.
10	But, you know, Mr. Chin is especially, also I
11	think has more freedom of the witnesses to be truthful and
12	open now because Mr. Chin is no longer their principal. So
13	we feel very confident different that, you know, when the
14	evidence comes out, they will say that, you know,
15	Mr. Chin I think at trial, they would have trouble
16	defending Mr. Chin if it gets that far, you know, as a
17	sympathetic character in this series of events.
18	THE COURT: I'm sure he is a tough guy.
19	MR. GLASS: Let's say I'm personally aware of
20	about 12 litigations that he's involved in with teachers at
21	this school, but
22	THE COURT: Well, you know, principals attract
23	litigation the way police officers attract litigation. Like
24	you are kind of not doing your job if you have never been
25	sued.

# Proceedings

MR. GLASS: Well, I have been working with the DOE and the union a long time, and let me tell you that Flushing High School in particular, I have never seen so many claims come out of one school, but... So, yeah, it does raise some concern.

And, obviously, Mr. Chin is most -- I mean Mr. Ok is most concerned about his job. I mean, he was a highly effective teacher. Now, he's in this limbo. I have approached the defendant. I have also encouraged him through his 3020-A counsel in the disciplinary proceedings to see if we can sort of settle everything at once. I haven't really heard back from the City on that yet, but, you know, part of this is -- their weapon is 3020-A; obviously, his weapon is federal court, so it kind of shakes out.

THE COURT: Well, no. There is a timing issue that I have to think about. You know, their weapon is 3020-A, his weapon is federal court, but it may not be -- I don't want to say "right," because it is right -- but it may not be prudent to proceed here without knowing where that comes out.

I take it while he is on the suspended status is he still being paid?

MS. BRANCH: Yes.

MR. GLASS: Yeah. And also, just one factual

	Proceedings 18
1	thing, I mean, it was not required that he be removed from
2	te school pending charges. This is something that Chin put
3	in place, and it's not
4	MS. BRANCH: No.
5	MR. GLASS: it's not actually required in every
6	case that a teacher be removed from his assignment or from
7	his school pending 3020-A charges. I don't know of
8	MS. BRANCH: Your Honor, there is absolutely
9	I'm sorry, but I have to interject here. That is absolutely
10	not correct. Mr. Chin would have had nothing to do with
11	Mr. Ok being removed from the school. That is a decision
12	that is made by the DOE's legal department, and that is done
13	with all teachers who have 3020-A charges.
14	THE COURT: You are saying there is discretion?
15	MR. GLASS: That's not
16	MS. BRANCH: Not for the principal.
17	MR. GLASS: That's not totally I even went to a
18	hearing last week with another principal who said that she
19	had a choice of whether to remove the teacher or not, so
20	that's not true. But regardless, you know
21	THE COURT: There is a dispute.
22	MR. GLASS: There's not yeah.
23	He's on pay pending. You know, he can't be off
24	pay until such time an arbitrator issues a penalty, so
25	THE COURT: Right.

	Proceedings 19
1	MR. GLASS: that's the status right now.
2	THE COURT: Okay. I think I understand.
3	Let me ask the defendant this question: Your
4	letter is all about alleged deficiencies on the face of the
5	complaint.
6	MS. BRANCH: Yes. Some of them, yes.
7	THE COURT: Are you going to move?
8	MS. BRANCH: Well, Your Honor, when I spoke to
9	plaintiff's counsel last, we just talked about it upstairs
10	very briefly. It appears that there are some things that
11	the City would want to move on that. Perhaps, a partial
12	motion.
13	THE COURT: Why don't you wait for summary
14	judgment?
15	MS. BRANCH: Well, Your Honor, as you mentioned, a
16	3020-A still hasn't happened yet. So I'm talking
17	specifically about the New York Civil Service Law claim.
18	THE COURT: Right.
19	MS. BRANCH: That claim really should not go
20	forward.
21	THE COURT: That claim is not right.
22	MS. BRANCH: No. No, it is not.
23	THE COURT: Right.
24	MS. BRANCH: So we would want to move for at least
25	a partial motion on those grounds. And then also as far as

	Proceedings 20
1	just on the face, there are really hardly any allegations by
2	Amaya. So with respect to the 1983 First Amendment claim,
3	there are no allegations about speech made to Amaya or Amaya
4	punishing him in some way for that.
5	THE COURT: That speech made to?
6	MS. BRANCH: Made by Mr. Ok to Amaya and Mr. Amaya
7	punishing him in some way for that. So we would want to
8	move on partial grounds for that as well.
9	THE COURT: Okay. Do you want to just deem your
10	letter to be the motion?
11	MS. BRANCH: Well, Your Honor, I failed to include
12	that a particular fact in the letter, so no.
13	THE COURT: Fine.
14	MS. BRANCH: If you permit me to submit an extra
15	paragraph or two, then yes.
16	THE COURT: Okay. Can you do that tomorrow?
17	MS. BRANCH: Tomorrow? Or Monday?
18	THE COURT: Tomorrow? If you tell me you do not
19	work weekends, then I will tell you Monday, but my
20	experience is most court counsel are in the office on
21	weekends.
22	MS. BRANCH: I can do it tomorrow, sure.
23	THE COURT: Whatever you want. You can do it
24	tomorrow
25	MS. BRANCH: Well, Your Honor, I'm in trial so

	Proceedings 21
1	that's why I'm
2	THE COURT: Oh.
3	MS. BRANCH: I hesitate because I have the weekend
4	planned with other things.
5	THE COURT: Okay. Let's say you supplement your
6	letter on Monday, and that will be the motion to dismiss.
7	MS. BRANCH: I can do that.
8	THE COURT: Okay.
9	MS. BRANCH: Thank you.
10	THE COURT: And the plaintiff will respond in 14
11	days after that.
12	Now, I do have a couple of other issues I want to
13	talk about with regard to the grounds raised in the
14	defendants' letter. I don't really understand the notice of
15	claim's situation. You have to file a notice of claim
16	before you can proceed under state law, right?
17	MS. BRANCH: He did.
18	THE COURT: Oh, there is a notice of claim?
19	MS. BRANCH: There is a notice of claim.
20	THE COURT: Okay. I thought you were complaining
21	that he had not done one.
22	MS. BRANCH: No, Your Honor, he did file a notice
23	of claim. What the defendants are saying is that the notice
24	of claim was filed so late in the game that there are
25	numerous events that would not meet the statute of

### 22 Proceedings 1 limitations because they occurred months, so, you know, more 2 than a year before he actually filed the notice of claim. 3 THE COURT: Does the notice of claim have to be 4 filed 90 days after the complained-of incident. 5 MS. BRANCH: Yes, after the accrual of your claim. That's what the --6 7 THE COURT: The accrual of your claim? 8 MS. BRANCH: That's what the statute says, yes. 9 THE COURT: And we are only dealing with state law claims? 10 11 MS. BRANCH: Yes. 12 THE COURT: Okay. So is there not an agreement 13 that, in fact, anything that happened prior to 90 days 14 before the notice of claim, while he might be able to get in evidence for purposes of showing other things like intent, 15 16 you cannot recover damages based on things that proceed the 17 notice of claim by more than 90 days, right? 18 MR. GLASS: With regard to specific acts, I guess 19 you're right, Your Honor. But I guess this is on ongoing 20 situation where he's faced with 3020-A presently, so there 21 might be some things what's encompassed within that time 22 period when we filed it. 23 THE COURT: Sure. I am not saying there isn't. 24 But, I mean, let's go through, what are your state 25 law claims? Aside from the 1983 claim, what have you got?

### 23 Proceedings 1 MR. GLASS: I threw in a appendant defamation. 2 THE COURT: Okav. When was the defamation? Was 3 that within 90 days of filing the notice of claim? It looks 4 like not. 5 You see, there are some issues with the way this 6 complaint was pled. 7 MS. BRANCH: Yes. 8 MR. GLASS: I mean, we can address that in the 9 letter to see -- I understand Your Honor's point. 10 THE COURT: Well. I do not want to put Defendants to the trouble of moving to dismiss things that we all 11 12 recognize cannot go forward. The problem is I think your 13 complaint is not written to facilitate our determination of 14 that, and I also will tell you that I think you ought to give up the intentional infliction of emotion distress 15 16 claim. You know why, right? Has anyone ever won one? 17 MR. GLASS: No, the heart of the complaint is the 18 federal claim. There's no question about it. 19 THE COURT: I agree. And I am not telling you to 20 get rid of the state claims, but I would like you to write 21 to the defendant, not to me, by Tuesday narrowing your 22 claims to extent you think that is reasonable to do. And 23 like I said, I think that should include the voluntary

MS. BRANCH: Well, Your Honor, if I may ask? If

dismissal of the IED claim.

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	Proceedings 24
1	the defendant has until Tuesday, may I also have until
2	Tuesday night before I submit the letter?
3	THE COURT: Yes, I guess so. Wednesday.
4	MS. BRANCH: Thank you.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	And if there are things in this complaint that are
7	being offered just to prove intent and not to seek to
8	recover damages because, in fact, they are beyond the notice
9	of claim window, tell her that, too, please. Okay? One
10	purpose of this conference is to make less work for the
11	parties, not more. Sometimes that means doing a little more
12	on the front end, but it saves the work on the back end.
13	MS. BRANCH: Understood.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Let me ask the defendants this:
15	Is there any conflict in you representing Mr. Chin in light
16	of the pending charges?
17	MS. BRANCH: Pending charges against Mr. Ok?
18	THE COURT: Mr. Chin.
19	MS. BRANCH: There are no pending charges against
20	Mr. Chin.
21	THE COURT: Oh. Oh, why am I misinformed? I
22	thought there were pending charges.
23	MR. GLASS: He has been removed.
24	MS. BRANCH: Right. But just because the
25	principal is not in the school anymore, does not mean that

	Proceedings 25
1	there are charges.
2	THE COURT: That is correct. There are no pending
3	charges?
4	MS. BRANCH: No.
5	THE COURT: He is just doing something else with
6	the DOE?
7	MS. BRANCH: Right.
8	THE COURT: All right. That is fine. No problem.
9	Okay. Next, let's talk about discovery. Now, you
10	have taken my suggestion of a 90-day discovery period to
11	heart?
12	MS. BRANCH: Yes, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: But I am not convinced that it is
14	possible.
15	MS. BRANCH: I would like to once I began
16	really looking into the emails that I've been receiving over
17	the past few days, it became clear that I just don't have
18	enough in. If we need to do e-discovery then I would like
19	to ask for more time. And I apologize for not thinking
20	about that more in-depth before submitting the schedule, but
21	I can't be confident that we could get it done.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Next time you appear before me,
23	you will understand my expectations for this conference
24	MS. BRANCH: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: and you will do what you need to

	Proceedings 26
1	do.
2	MS. BRANCH: Yes, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Okay. When is your trial over?
4	MS. BRANCH: 4/17 or 18.
5	THE COURT: Okay. Nobody has made Rule 26(a)(1)
6	disclosures yet, right?
7	MS. BRANCH: No.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Let's do this: Let's work
9	backwards. Let's say by April 27th no, that is too soon.
10	May 4th, you exchange Rule 26(a)(1) disclosures. By
11	May 11th, you serve written discovery requests,
12	interrogatory and document requests. Those will be
13	responded to on June 11th, and really realistically, give me
14	a range of depositions that each side is thinking of taking.
15	I assume from the defendants' perspective it is probable
16	only the plaintiff's deposition that needs to be taken,
17	maybe there are some former employees.
18	MS. BRANCH: At this point I think it would only
19	be the plaintiff because almost everyone else still works
20	for the DOE.
21	THE COURT: You know, plaintiff's 26(a)(1)'s are
22	going to disclose to you a number of witnesses
23	MS. BRANCH: Right.
24	THE COURT: who the plaintiff says are going to
25	give evidence that shows that Plaintiff did not do anything

	Proceedings 27
1	wrong and Mr. Chin was out to get him.
2	MS. BRANCH: Right.
3	THE COURT: Again, neither side is going to take
4	30 depositions in this case. It is simply not economically
5	possible. But you each may take three to four, I think.
6	Does anybody think that is wrong?
7	MR. GLASS: Well, we'll certainly depose Chin and
8	Amaya, but I mean, beyond that, I'm now sure.
9	MS. BRANCH: I have no reason to believe it will
10	be beyond three or four for Defendants.
11	THE COURT: Okay. So if we have the documents by
12	June 11th and we give you 60 days, to August 13th to
13	complete depositions, that should be plenty of time, right?
14	MS. BRANCH: I would agree, yes, Your Honor.
15	MR. GLASS: That's fine.
16	THE COURT: Okay. Tell me if I am wrong. Stop me
17	if I say anything that does not meet your requirements.
18	MS. BRANCH: With one caveat, Your Honor. With
19	respect to the responses to the document request by 6/11
20	THE COURT: Yes.
21	MS. BRANCH: are we saying that would include
22	the electronic discovery as well?
23	THE COURT: It would. The electronic discovery
24	should be easier for you, not harder.
25	MS. BRANCH: No, it shouldn't be. Depending on

	Proceedings 28
1	how many I don't know, there could be thousands of
2	emails. It's just filtering through them and producing
3	them, that does take time.
4	THE COURT: Do they? Oh, I guess reading them
5	after you have put in the button and they spit them all out,
6	you have to read them.
7	MS. BRANCH: That's the time-consuming part, yes.
8	THE COURT: I'm going to leave it on for June 11th
9	now.
10	MS. BRANCH: Okay.
11	THE COURT: If at the end of that period you write
12	me a letter saying, I've got 10,000 emails that I have not
13	been able to review, then we will adjust the schedule.
14	MS. BRANCH: Yes, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: But let's start out optimistically and
16	see how much we can get down.
17	MS. BRANCH: Yes, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Okay.
19	MR. GLASS: I can say with my experience with the
20	City, that that's generally the cause of delay.
21	THE COURT: The City is different when they appear
22	in front of me. They understand, you know, I give
23	extensions if needed, but not because somebody was working
24	on some other cases and could not get to this one. So, you
25	know, I expect in all my cases, this one is no different,

that both parties are going to make this case a priority and things are going to happen and they are going to push their clients to make them happen, because I do not give extensions gratuitously. Okay? I mean, obviously, I am going to extend you if something terrible happens, like some judge says, You have to be in depositions for three weeks solid, you know, I have to accommodate that. But if there is something that could have been thought of right now and has not been, then I am not going to extend for that reason, and I am going to require notice that there is a need for extension when the need arises, not two months later. So you could write me before June 11th if you get a handle on the ECI and it is overwhelming.

MS. BRANCH: Okay.

THE COURT: All right?

Okay. So if we optimistically finish discovery by August 13th, there is no doubt in my mind that the defendants are going to try to make a summary judgment motion, which I would require a premotion conference letter on August 20th explaining the basis for the motion. I will then set a short schedule for the plaintiff to respond to that letter. We will then have a premotion conference. The defendant should expect a prompt and short motion schedule following that conference whenever it is.

Then I will take the motion. It will, again, be

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1 on a short schedule. Figure 14 days for opposition, seven 2 days for reply. I will get to it quickly. But I will not 3 commit to how quickly. And then either I grant summary 4 judgment to the defendants or we go to trial shortly thereafter. So in all likelihood, it seems to me that we 5 6 are going to be trying this case, if it survives summary 7 judgment, in October, probably November, but probably then. 8 I have some other things going on then, but if I cannot get 9 to you, I will get you to a senior judge who will try the 10 I will not delay the trial. Okay? case. 11 Now, the only other thing I should mention, I 12 mean, just talking to both of you, I do not anticipate any 13 discovery difficulties. Do you see any, you know, thing 14 that the plaintiff might want that the defendant does not 15 want to give or vice versa? 16 MR. GLASS: I'm just a little concerned with 17 electronic discovery, just to make sure it's complete. 18 THE COURT: Counsel is going to demonstrate the

utmost diligence.

MR. GLASS: Okay.

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THE COURT: Okay? And she understands that sometimes that requires getting a little tough with your clients for whom it is not as big a priority as it is for her.

> MS. BRANCH: Yes.

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## Proceedings

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THE COURT: If there is a discovery dispute, you should understand I do not do discovery disputes. not mean I send them to a magistrate judge. It means I do not tolerate discovery disputes. So if you have a dispute involving some cutting edge, bona fide privilege issues or something like that, by all means, bring that in front of me promptly using the peculiar procedures I have in my individual practice rules. But if it is the usual kind of discovery motion, this request is too broad, this response is too narrow, somebody at a deposition instead of saying object, which is all you are allowed to say, was explaining the objection in a way that tipped off their client what to be careful about, if it is that kind of thing, you should know that 95 percent of the time I end up making the loser pay attorneys' fees on the discovery motion, okay? So do not come to me with a discovery motion unless you really think it is something you need or a position you need to protect and it is something on which you reasonably expect to prevail. Because I do not like awarding attorneys' fees, and I do not get it. Because I used to practice, I do not get more than three or four discovery motions a year. know, my window of what is good faith discovery under Rule 37 just seems to be narrower than what the lawyers' is most of the time. So please keep that in mind so we do not have an issue.

> David R. Roy, RPR, CSR, CCR Official Court Reporter

Again, looking at both of you and listening to both of you, you both seem quite reasonable. I do not think we are going to have any problems here at all.

MR. GLASS: Well, I was in her shoes many years ago, and I generally have a pretty good relationship with that office, so I don't anticipate any problems.

THE COURT: I suspected that. You did not overtly say before that you used to be in her shoes, but you obviously have some experience from that side of the table.

MR. GLASS: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else we need to cover?

You know, you do not need to worry about these dates. I

will put them in the minute order so that you have them and
we will see what we can do with them.

MS. BRANCH: I believe that Your Honor suggested everything -- I don't have anything further.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GLASS: Is there anything regarding -- I don't necessarily anticipate experts.

THE COURT: It is a good point. I am not going to schedule expert discovery now because nobody knows what they are going to have. I think there probably will not be any experts. But just in case if there are, you have to notify me promptly sometime during the fact discovery period. The schedule I set is for fact discovery. It is not assuming

### Proceedings 33 expert discovery. But I need to know before the end of fact 1 2 discovery that there is something on which you think you 3 need an expert. 4 Do you see you needing any experts now? No, I don't anticipate any in this 5 MR. GLASS: 6 kind of case. 7 THE COURT: Just in case, though, let me know well 8 before the fact discovery cutoff so that we can set up an 9 extension that will accommodate any experts. 10 Anything else I can do for you? MS. BRANCH: No, Your Honor. 11 12 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. GLASS: No. 13 THE COURT: Nice to see you all. Thanks for 14 coming in. 15 (Matter concluded.) 16 --00000--17 18 19 20 I (we) certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. 21 19th Day of April, 2018 <u>/s/ David R. Roy</u> 22 DAVID R. ROY Date 23 24 25